





INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

To the Members of RainCity Housing and Support Society

Report on the Audit of the Financial Statements

Qualified Opinion

We have audited the financial statements of RainCity Housing and Support Society (the "Society"), which comprise of the statement of financial position as at March 31, 2023, and the statements of revenues and expenses, changes in net assets, changes in replacement reserve fund and cash flows for the year then ended, and notes to the financial statements, including a summary of significant accounting policies.

In our opinion, except for the possible effects of the matters described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report, the accompanying financial statements present fairly, in all material respects, the financial position of the Society as at March 31, 2023, and the results of its operations and its cash flows for the year then ended in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Basis for Qualified Opinion

In common with many charitable organizations, the Society derives revenue from donations, the completeness of which is not susceptible to satisfactory audit verification. Accordingly, our audit verification of donation revenue was limited to the amounts recorded in the records of the Society and we were unable to determine whether any adjustments might be necessary to donation revenue, deficiency of revenues over expenses, and cash flows from operations for the years ended March 31, 2023 and 2022, total assets as at March 31, 2023 and 2022, and net assets at both the beginning and end of the March 31, 2023 and 2022 years. In addition, the Society amortizes the cost of its Triage building funded by the British Columbia Housing Management Commission ("BCHMC") at an annual amount equivalent to the principal reduction of the mortgage payable during the year. In this respect the financial statements are not in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. The effects of this departure from Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations have not been determined. Our audit opinion on the financial statements for the year ended March 31, 2022 also contained a qualification because of these matters.

We conducted our audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are independent of the Society in accordance with the ethical requirements that are relevant to our audit of the financial statements in Canada, and we have fulfilled our other ethical responsibilities in accordance with those requirements. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our qualified audit opinion.

Responsibilities of Management and Those Charged with Governance for the Financial Statements Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations, and for such internal control as management determines is necessary to enable the preparation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is responsible for assessing the Society's ability to continue as a going concern, disclosing, as applicable, matters relating to going concern and using the going concern basis of accounting unless management either intends to liquidate the Society or to cease operations, or has no realistic alternative but to do so.

Those charged with governance are responsible for overseeing the Society's financial reporting process.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Auditors' Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditors' report that includes our opinion. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance, but is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. Misstatements can arise from fraud or error and are considered material if, individually or in the aggregate, they could reasonably be expected to influence the economic decisions of users taken on the basis of these financial statements. As part of an audit in accordance with Canadian generally accepted auditing standards, we exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit, we also:

- Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to
 fraud or error, design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks, and obtain audit
 evidence that is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion. The risk of not
 detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as
 fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of
 internal control.
- Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures
 that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the
 effectiveness of the Society's internal control.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of accounting estimates and related disclosures made by management.
- Conclude on the appropriateness of management's use of the going concern basis of accounting and, based on the audit evidence obtained, whether a material uncertainty exists related to events or conditions that may cast significant doubt on the Society's ability to continue as a going concern. If we conclude that a material uncertainty exists, we are required to draw attention in our auditors' report to the related disclosures in the financial statements or, if such disclosures are inadequate, to modify our opinion. Our conclusions are based on the audit evidence obtained up to the date of our auditors' report. However, future events or conditions may cause the Society to cease to continue as a going concern.
- Evaluate the overall presentation, structure and content of the financial statements, including the disclosures, and whether the financial statements represent the underlying transactions and events in a manner that achieves fair presentation.

We communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and significant audit findings, including any significant deficiencies in internal control that we identify during our audit.



INDEPENDENT AUDITORS' REPORT

Other Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming an opinion on the financial statements as a whole.

The supplementary information on the operating results of individual programs included in Schedules 1 through 23 is presented for purposes of additional information. These Schedules are required by the British Columbia Housing Management Commission and are not in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations.

Such supplementary information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the financial statements. In our opinion, except for the presentation format required by British Columbia Housing Management Commission on the Schedules, the supplementary information is fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the financial statements as a whole.

Report on Other Legal and Regulatory Requirements

As required by the British Columbia Societies Act, we report that, in our opinion, the Society's financial statements have been prepared following Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations applied on a consistent basis with the previous year, except as described in the Basis for Qualified Opinion section of our report.

Chartered Professional Accountants

Manning Elliott LLP

Vancouver, British Columbia

June 29, 2023

RAINCITY HOUSING AND SUPPORT SOCIETY STATEMENT OF FINANCIAL POSITION **AS AT MARCH 31, 2023**

ASSETS	2023	2022
CURRENT Cash and cash equivalents Accounts receivable (Note 2) Prepaid expenses and inventory	\$ 6,258,720 2,731,104 261,607	\$ 3,953,912 1,758,246 194,897
	9,251,431	5,907,055
RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS (Note 3)	1,786,503	1,572,427
CAPITAL ASSETS (Note 4)	50,377,861	52,131,168
	\$ 61,415,795	\$ 59,610,650
LIABILITIES		
CURRENT Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Wages and benefits payable Government remittances payable Tenant deposits Deferred revenue (Note 5) Scheduled cash repayments of long-term debt (Note 6) LONG-TERM DEBT (Note 6) FORGIVABLE LOANS (Note 7) DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS (Note 8) OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS (Note 13) CONTINGENT LIABILITY (Note 15)	\$ 2,056,646 4,100,431 702,489 35,016 5,557,817 944,849 13,397,248 29,156,437 13,463,142 8,766,241 64,783,068	\$ 1,934,286 2,107,898 106,779 35,583 4,232,245 919,627 9,336,418 30,101,832 13,975,518 8,842,868 62,256,636
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT)		
UNRESTRICTED Operating Fund Society Fund	(6,654,610) 980,675	(5,121,734) 549,089
RESTRICTED Capital Asset Fund Replacement Reserve Fund	823,769 1,482,893	610,745 1,315,914
	(3,367,273)	(2,645,986)
	\$ 61,415,795	\$ 59,610,650

Lift Director

Director

RAINCITY HOUSING AND SUPPORT SOCIETY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Operating Fund	Society Fund	Capital Asset Fund	Replacement Reserve Fund	Total 2023
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ (5,121,734)	\$ 549,089	\$ 610,745	\$ 1,315,914	\$ (2,645,986)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses for the year	(10,230)	431,586	(1,164,304)	21,661	(721,287)
Repayment of long-term debt	(920,173)	-	920,173	-	-
Purchase of capital assets	(359,828)	-	359,828	-	-
Deferred capital contributions	359,828	-	(359,828)	-	-
INTERFUND TRANSFERS:					
Transfer from Operating Fund to Capital Asset Fund (Note 1(c))	(457,155)	-	457,155	-	-
Transfer to/ from Replacement Reserve Fund (Note 9)	376,991	-	-	(376,991)	-
Transfer to/ from Replacement Reserve Fund (Note 9)	(522,309)	-	-	522,309	-
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ (6,654,610)	\$ 980,675	\$ 823,769	\$ 1,482,893	\$ (3,367,273)

RAINCITY HOUSING AND SUPPORT SOCIETY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN NET ASSETS (continued) FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Operating Fund	Society Fund	Capital Asset Fund	Replacement Reserve Fund	Total 2022
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ (3,674,354)	\$ 517,048	\$ 795,671	\$ 1,315,322	\$ (1,046,313)
Excess (deficiency) of revenues over expenses for the year	(483,744)	32,041	(1,153,817)	5,847	(1,599,673)
Repayment of long-term debt	(896,038)	-	896,038	-	-
INTERFUND TRANSFERS:					
Transfer from Operating Fund to Capital Asset Fund (Note 1(c))	(72,853)	-	72,853	-	-
Transfer to/ from Replacement Reserve Fund (Note 9)	289,064	-	-	(289,064)	-
Transfer to/ from Replacement Reserve Fund (Note 9)	(283,809)	-	-	283,809	-
NET ASSETS (DEFICIT), END OF YEAR	\$ (5,121,734)	\$ 549,089	\$ 610,745	\$ 1,315,914	\$ (2,645,986)

RAINCITY HOUSING AND SUPPORT SOCIETY STATEMENT OF CHANGES IN REPLACEMENT RESERVE FUND FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	Triage					Fraser		
	Building	Lux	Vivian	Budzey	Gordon	Street	2023	2022
REPLACEMENT RESERVE	¢ 64 600	Ф 100 240	¢ 444 60E	¢ 404 744	Ф 444.4 2 Е	ተ 247 074	¢ 4 24 E 04 4	Ф 4 24E 222
FUND, BEGINNING OF YEAR	\$ 64,620	\$ 190,349	\$ 144,695	\$ 484,741	\$ 114,435	\$ 317,074	\$ 1,315,914	\$ 1,315,322
Transfer from operating fund Interest earned	36,100 858	152,631	17,280	258,408	25,920	31,970	522,309	283,809
		1,780	3,076	5,755	1,864	8,328	21,661	5,847
Expenses (per below)	(79,241)	(116,554)	(27,427)	(131,698)	(11,256)	(10,815)	(376,991)	(289,064)
REPLACEMENT RESERVE								
FUND, END OF YEAR	\$ 22,337	\$ 228,206	\$ 137,624	\$ 617,206	\$ 130,963	\$ 346,557	\$ 1,482,893	\$ 1,315,914
Expenses comprised of:								
Appliances	\$ 1,645	\$ 5,659	\$ -	\$ 36,161	\$ 5,005	\$ 1,429	\$ 49,899	\$ 38,055
Flooring	3,178	10,917	6,893	22,224	3,689	-	46,901	42,710
Other: Room renovation	67,522	95,324	4,663	36,992	1,896	-	206,397	91,712
Sewer work	-	2,188	14,450	4,201	-	-	20,839	-
Painting	5,358	473	1,421	24,582	666	6,649	39,149	38,952
Security gate	-	-	-	-	-	-	-	68,779
Window coverings	1,538	1,993	-	7,538	-	2,737	13,806	8,856
TOTAL EXPENSES	\$ 79,241	\$ 116,554	\$ 27,427	\$131,698	\$11,256	\$ 10,815	\$ 376,991	\$ 289,064

RAINCITY HOUSING AND SUPPORT SOCIETY STATEMENT OF REVENUES AND EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

DEVENUE O		2023	2022
REVENUES British Columbia Housing Management Commission (BCHMC)	\$	28,064,389 \$	22,274,013
Vancouver Coastal Health Authority	Φ	11,053,937	10,177,585
Rent		3,558,666	3,252,871
Start-up and organizational funding		3,295,982	3,640,551
Fraser Health Authority		3,038,315	1,232,135
British Columbia Housing Management Commission subsidy (Note 1(c))		1,335,192	1,335,192
Amortization of forgivable loans (Note 7)		512,376	572,961
Amortization of deferred capital contributions (Note 8)		436,455	443,252
Government of Canada (Note 11)		346,363	385,019
Interest and other income		248,569	104,833
British Columbia Housing Management		0,000	101,000
Commission special grant (Note 9)		238,500	_
Donations (Note 5)		168,272	150,416
Unrealized gain in fair value of investments		47,097	-
		52,344,113	43,568,828
		02,044,110	+0,000,020
EXPENSES		07.054.404	04 000 540
Wages and employee benefits (Note 12 and 14)		37,954,401	31,399,542
Maintenance and repairs		2,665,490	2,646,757
Amortization of capital assets		2,113,135	2,170,030
Food and supplies		2,055,553	1,418,932
Client engagements and peer workers		2,039,528	1,435,738
Utilities		1,493,520	1,222,068
Mortgage interest		829,739	853,925
IT maintenance		611,968	397,678
Travel		512,788 484 434	421,306
Garbage		481,121	421,171
Insurance		359,235 335,438	279,143
Office and miscellaneous		335,438	137,179
Consulting Education and staff development		323,598 373 340	42,792
Education and staff development Janitorial supplies and linen		273,319 247,323	109,144 193,180
		247,323 243,508	283,045
Rent and property taxes		243,506 241,086	263,045 198,867
Telephone Rent supplements		219,744	304,281
Start-up cost for new shelters		160,903	183,604
Equipment and furniture		146,741	127,231
Pest control		110,153	130,051
Cleaning services		93,345	131,215
Resource development		86,128	78,749
Professional fees		81,000	75,000
Payroll and bank charges		32,142	28,099
COVID-19 meals program		303	479,774
- COVID TO MIGUIO PROGRAM		53,711,209	45,168,501
		55,711,209	45, 106,501
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES		(4 007 000)	(4 500 070)
BEFORE BCHMC RECOVERY		(1,367,096)	(1,599,673)
BCHMC RECOVERY (Note 10)		645,809	
DEFICIENCY OF REVENUES OVER EXPENSES FOR THE YEAR	\$	(721,287) \$	(1,599,673)
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RAINCITY HOUSING AND SUPPORT SOCIETY STATEMENT OF CASH FLOWS FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

	2023	2022
OPERATING ACTIVITIES Deficiency of revenues over expenses for the year	\$ (721,287) \$	(1,599,673)
Items not involving cash: Amortization of forgivable loans Amortization of deferred capital contributions Amortization of capital assets Unrealized gain in fair value of investments	(512,376) (436,455) 2,113,135 (47,097)	(572,961) (443,252) 2,170,030
Change in non-cash working capital items: Accounts receivable Prepaid expenses and inventory Accounts payable and accrued liabilities Wages and benefits payable Government remittances payable Tenant deposits Deferred revenue	395,920 (972,858) (66,710) 122,360 1,992,533 595,710 (567) 1,620,477	(445,856) 2,066,455
FINANCING ACTIVITIES Deferred capital contributions received Repayment of long-term debt	64,923 (920,173) (855,250)	(896,038) (896,038)
INVESTING ACTIVITIES Purchase of capital assets Increase in restricted cash and investments	(359,828) (166,979) (526,807)	(592) (592)
INCREASE (DECREASE) IN CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS DURING THE YEAR CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, BEGINNING OF YEAR	2,304,808 3,953,912	(622,054) 4,575,966
CASH AND CASH EQUIVALENTS, END OF YEAR	\$ 6,258,720 \$	3,953,912

For non-cash transactions between deferred revenue and deferred capital contributions, refer to Notes 5 and 8.

NATURE OF OPERATIONS

"A Home for Every Person" is the Society's vision and mission to advance social equity by building upon the strengths of our community and each individual. Through innovative practices, the Society provides housing and support services, promotes health, and facilitates hope, opportunity and change for people with trauma, mental illness, addictions and other challenges. The Society has put government funds and generous donor dollars to good use for over four decades to create, implement, and manage housing and support programs that sustain relationships and strengthen communities. The geographical area covers Vancouver, Sechelt, Gibsons, Coquitlam, Maple Ridge, Richmond, Surrey and Chilliwack.

Continuing last year's focus on strengthening the internal infrastructure and providing improved health and safety for its program staff by increasing cultural safety and support for employees with mental health or substance use issues, the Society expanded peer services and indigenous services departments. The peer services department is responsible for 13 programs, including innovative programs to prevent opiate overdoses. The Society's Indigenous Services Department is led by four managers who oversee 24 Indigenous Cultural Liaison Workers working in programs throughout British Columbia's Lower Mainland and Sunshine Coast. Further, the Society prioritizes lived experience at all levels of the organization, whether in designated peer roles or not, including our senior leadership team, which leads organizational and program planning and development.

The Society's current five-year strategic plan is for 2019 – 2023. The strategic goals are:

- improve the psychological health and safety of the workplace
- develop and implement an agency-wide learning and development strategy
- develop and embed a culture of continuous improvement and collective accountability throughout the organization
- achieve a scalable and sustainable infrastructure to drive the ongoing operational and strategic goals of the organization
- partner with others in the community to influence system change as it relates to housing and supports for communities of people experiencing marginalization
- influence change in practice related to housing and supports for communities of people experiencing marginalization

The Society is a registered charity for the purposes of the Income Tax Act (Canada) and is accordingly exempt from income taxes. The Society is a not-for-profit organization under the British Columbia Societies Act.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

These financial statements have, in management's opinion, been prepared within reasonable limits of materiality using the significant accounting policies below:

a) Basis of presentation

These financial statements have been prepared in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations ("ASNPO") under Part III of the CPA Canada Handbook – Accounting, except as described in the following paragraph. Financial statements prepared in accordance with ASNPO are also in accordance with Canadian generally accepted accounting principles ("GAAP").

In addition to following ASNPO, the Society must also comply with the basis of accounting required by British Columbia Housing Management Commission ("BCHMC"). The BCHMC basis of accounting differs materially from ASNPO because amortization is not provided on the Triage building over its estimated useful life, but rather at a rate equal to the annual principal reduction of the mortgage.

b) Revenue recognition

The Society follows the deferral method of accounting for contributions. Restricted contributions are recognized as revenue in the year in which the related expenses are incurred. Unrestricted contributions are recognized as revenue when received or receivable if the amount to be received can be reasonably estimated and collection is reasonably assured.

Deferred revenue represents operating funding received in the current period that is designated for the following period.

Deferred capital contributions include contributions that are restricted for the purchase of capital assets. These contributions will be amortized and recognized as revenue on the same basis as the amortization expense related to the acquired capital assets.

Investment income is recognized in the period it is earned. Changes in the fair value of investments are recognized as unrealized gains or losses in the period earned and presented in the statement of revenues and expenses.

c) Presentation of net assets

The net assets of the Operating Fund relate to the Society's housing and client care activities.

The net assets of the Society Fund relate to the Society's fundraising and organizational management activities.

The net assets of the Replacement Reserve Fund relate to funds reserved for capital asset replacement and repair activities.

The net assets of the Capital Asset Fund represent the Society's investment in capital assets less any related liabilities, plus the difference in the change of the Budzey building and Budzey debt, as described below.

The Budzey building is primarily funded through a mortgage with MCAP Financial Corporation and is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life of 35 years in accordance with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations. Consequently, the amortization is significantly higher than the principal reduction of the related debt, causing the building's net book value to be reduced at a higher rate than the debt, which is funded by the Operating Fund. This difference is accounted for in the transfer of \$457,155 (2022 - \$72,853) from the Operating Fund to the Capital Asset Fund and to ensure the Capital Asset Fund is not in a deficit position.

During the year, the Society received an operating subsidy of \$1,335,192 (2022 - \$1,335,192) from British Columbia Housing Management Commission for the Budzey which was recognized as revenue during the year.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

d) Financial instruments

i) Measurement

The Society's financial instruments consist of cash and cash equivalents, restricted cash and investments, accounts receivable, accounts payable, long-term debt and forgivable loans.

The Society initially measures all of its financial assets and liabilities at fair value. The Society subsequently measures all of its financial assets and liabilities at amortized cost, except for investments that are quoted in an active market, which are measured at fair value.

ii) Impairment

Financial assets measured at amortized cost are tested for impairment when there are indicators of impairment. The amount of any write-down that is determined is recognized in the statement of revenues and expenses. A previously recognized impairment loss may be reversed to the extent of any improvement, provided it is no greater than the amount that would have been reported at the date of the reversal had the impairment not been recognized previously. The amount of the reversal is recognized in the statement of revenues and expenses in the period in which it is determined.

iii) Transactions

The Society recognizes its transaction costs in the statement of revenues and expenses in the period incurred. However, financial instruments that will not be subsequently measured at fair value are adjusted by the transaction costs that are directly attributable to their origination, issuance or assumption.

e) Cash and cash equivalents

Cash and cash equivalents consist of cash on hand and highly liquid investments having a maturity of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

f) Capital assets

Capital assets are recorded at cost and amortized annually on the declining balance basis as follows:

Office equipment	25%
Computer equipment and software	30%
Furniture and fixtures	20%
Automobiles	30%

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

f) Capital assets (continued)

Buildings and leasehold improvements:

- The Triage building was constructed on a land leasehold interest. The land leasehold interest is amortized on a straight-line basis over 59 years which commenced on March 31, 1994 and ends March 31, 2053. The Triage building is amortized at a rate equal to the annual principal reduction of the mortgage as required by BCHMC.
- The Princess Rooms building is amortized on a straight-line basis over 13 years commencing on April 1, 2010. Improvements are amortized over the same useful life.
- The Vivian building is amortized on a straight-line basis over 26 years commencing April 1, 2011.
 Improvements are amortized on a straight-line basis over 30 years which commenced on April 1, 2007.
- The Fraser Street building is amortized on a straight-line basis over 35 years which commenced on April 1, 2007.
- The Lux building is amortized on a straight-line basis over 42 years which commenced on April 1, 2009.
- The Budzey building is amortized on a straight-line basis over 35 years which commenced on April 1, 2015.
- The leasehold improvements to the Maple Ridge building were amortized on a straight-line basis over 5 years based on the lease term, which commenced on July 10, 2017.

The Society's policy is to record a write-down to a capital asset's fair value or replacement cost when conditions indicate that a capital asset is impaired. Such conditions include when the Society's value of future economic benefits or service potential associated with the capital asset is less than its net carrying amount. Write-downs are recognized as an expense in the statement of revenues and expenses and are not reversed. To March 31, 2023, no impairments have been recorded.

g) Replacement reserve

The replacement reserve represents an internally designated provision as well as provisions specified by BCHMC for capital asset replacement and equipment repairs and maintenance (see Note 9).

h) Forgivable loans

Forgivable loans used to acquire capital assets are accounted for in the same manner as contributions restricted for the same purpose, whereby revenue in the form of forgiveness is recognized on the same basis as the amortization expense related to the acquired capital assets.

i) Employee future benefits

The cost of employee future benefits earned by the Society's employees is disclosed in Note 12. Although the benefits have been earned under defined benefit plans, because they are multi-employer plans, sufficient information to follow the accounting standards on defined benefit plans is not available. Accordingly, the Society accounts for its employees' pension benefits by following accounting standards for defined contribution plans whereby the costs for the period are recognized as an expense.

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

1. SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

j) Use of estimates

The preparation of the financial statements in conformity with Canadian accounting standards for not-for-profit organizations requires management to make estimates and assumptions about future events that affect the reported amounts of assets, liabilities, revenues and expenses as at the end of, or during, the reporting period.

Management believes that the estimates used are reasonable and prudent, however, actual results could differ from those estimates. Significant areas requiring the use of management estimates relate to the valuation of accounts receivable, the determination of the useful lives of capital assets used for calculating amortization, measurement of deferred revenue, forgivable loans, and deferred capital contributions, the amounts recorded as accrued liabilities and disclosures about contingencies and commitments at the date of the financial statements.

k) Contributed services and materials

The Society benefits from contributed services in the form of volunteer time and contributed materials. Contributed services are not recognized in the financial statements. Contributed materials are recorded at the fair market value only when a realizable value of the related benefit can be reasonably estimated and the materials are used in the normal course of operations and would otherwise have been purchased.

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISKS

The Society's financial instruments are described in Note 1(d). In management's opinion, the Society is not exposed to significant credit, liquidity, market, currency, interest rate or other price risks arising from these financial instruments, except as described below. In addition, the Society is not exposed to any material concentrations of risk and there has been no significant change in risk exposures from the prior year.

Credit risk:

Credit risk is the risk that one party to a financial instrument will cause a financial loss for the other party by failing to discharge an obligation. The Society is exposed to this risk mainly in respect of its accounts receivable. The Society maintains, if deemed necessary, provision for potential credit losses, and any such losses to date have been within management's expectations. At March 31, 2023 and 2022, an allowance for doubtful accounts was not considered necessary by management.

Liquidity risk:

Liquidity risk is the risk that the Society will encounter difficulty in meeting obligations associated with liabilities. The Society is exposed to the risk mainly in respect of its accounts payable and long-term debt. The Society's ability to meet obligations depends on the funding received by various organizations. The Society controls liquidity risk by regularly monitoring the Society's cash flows and working with its funders to address this risk. Based on the Society's cash reserves and continued work with funders for additional costs, liquidity risk is adequately minimized.

Market risk:

Market risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices. Market risk comprises three types of risk: currency risk, interest rate risk and other price risk.

2. FINANCIAL INSTRUMENTS RISKS (continued)

Currency risk:

Currency risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash year end flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in foreign exchange rates. The Society is not exposed to currency risk as all operations and financial instruments are conducted and denominated in Canadian dollars.

Interest rate risk:

Interest rate risk is the risk that the value of a financial instrument might be adversely affected by a change in interest rates. The Society is exposed to interest rate risk through the Society's investments and debt. In seeking to minimize the risks from interest rate fluctuations, the Society manages exposure through its normal operating and financing activities. The Society controls interest rate risk by being conscious of market rates when investing and obtaining debt. The Society has also mitigated this risk by fixing the interest rates on its long-term debt (Note 6).

Other price risk:

Other price risk is the risk that the fair value or future cash flows of a financial instrument will fluctuate because of changes in market prices (other than those arising from interest rate risk or currency risk), whether those changes are caused by factors specific to the individual financial instrument or its issuer, or factors affecting all similar financial instruments traded in the market. The Society is not exposed to other price risk.

3. RESTRICTED CASH AND INVESTMENTS

Cash and investments designated for specific purposes are segregated as follows:

	2023	2022
Replacement Reserve Fund:		
Restricted cash	\$ 1,482,893	\$ 1,315,914
Society Fund:		
Long-term investments	107,567	107,567
Stephen Brown Memorial Fund investments (Vancouver Foundation)	196,043	148,946
	\$ 1,786,503	\$ 1,572,427

4. CAPITAL ASSETS

			2023	2022
	Cost	Accumulated Amortization	Net Book Value	Net Book Value
Office equipment Computer equipment and software Furniture and fixtures Automobiles	\$ 18,516 403,403 16,069 670,028	\$ 18,516 334,279 15,257 291,190	\$ - 69,124 812 378,838	\$ 83,857 1,015 66,675
	1,108,016	659,242	448,774	151,547
Triage building: Land leasehold interest Building and improvements	412,500 4,329,055 4,741,555	209,759 3,239,635 3,449,394	202,741 1,089,420 1,292,161	209,733 1,246,220 1,455,953
Princess Rooms: Land Building and improvements	651,313 1,716,183	- 1,716,183	651,313 -	651,313 325
	2,367,496	1,716,183	651,313	651,638
Vivian: Land Building Building improvements	235,000 2,291,000 1,397,112 3,923,112	1,057,384 745,120 1,802,504	235,000 1,233,616 651,992 2,120,608	235,000 1,321,732 698,562 2,255,294
Fraser Street: Building	6,876,736	3,023,199	3,853,537	4,054,516
Lux: Building	21,906,020	7,272,227	14,633,793	15,153,222
Budzey: Building	35,489,577	8,111,902	27,377,675	28,391,663
Maple Ridge: Leasehold improvements	86,673	86,673	_	17,335
	\$ 76,499,185	\$ 26,121,324	\$ 50,377,861	\$ 52,131,168

The Triage building was constructed in 1994 on a land leasehold interest.

The Princess Rooms land and building were acquired in 2001 through a contribution from the Government of Canada. In 2010, an additional contribution was received for building improvements. During the year, the Princess building was damaged due to a fire and vacated to allow for repairs.

The Vivian land and building were donated to the Society in February 2011 and recognized at their appraised value of \$2,526,000. Between 2007 and February 2011 the Society leased the premises. The Vivian building improvements relate to restoration costs incurred in 2007 during the Society's lease of the premises.

RAINCITY HOUSING AND SUPPORT SOCIETY NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

4. CAPITAL ASSETS (continued)

The land at Fraser Street has been leased from the City of Vancouver for a term of 60 years, commencing January 1, 2006, for total consideration of \$10.

The land at the Lux has been leased from the City of Vancouver for a term of 60 years, commencing March 30, 2007, for total consideration of \$10.

The land at the Budzey has been leased from the City of Vancouver for a term of 60 years, commencing November 1, 2012, for total consideration of \$10.

The building at Maple Ridge has been leased from Offwest Holdings Ltd. for a term of 5 years, commencing July 10, 2017. The leasehold improvements were amortized on a straight-line basis over the lease term and have been fully amortized at year end.

Included within the Budzey building is the Society's office administrative space owned by the Society, representing a cost and accumulated amortization of \$2,594,288 and \$571,015 respectively (2022 - \$2,594,288 and \$500,036).

5. DEFERRED REVENUE

Deferred revenue represents externally restricted amounts that have been deferred as they will be recognized in a subsequent year:

		2023		2022
Balance, beginning of year	\$	4,232,245	\$	4,937,736
Amounts received during the year	•	5,847,134	•	3,713,613
Amounts recognized as revenue during the year		(4,226,657)		(4,419,104)
Amounts transferred to deferred capital contributions (Note 8)		(294,905)		-
Balance, end of year	\$	5,557,817	\$	4,232,245

The amounts recognized as revenue during the year are included within British Columbia Management Commission, Vancouver Coastal Health Authority, rent, start-up and organizational funding, Fraser Health Authority and donations on the statement of revenues and expenses.

Included within deferred revenue are donations as follows:

	2023	2022
Donations received during the year Deferred donations recognized as revenue Donations deferred to future years for unspent amounts	\$ 643,703 82,108 (557,539)	\$ 507,534 73,600 (430,718)
	\$ 168,272	\$ 150,416

6. LONG-TERM DEBT

	2023	2022
MCAP Financial Corporation mortgage, maturing August 1, 2025, bearing interest at 2.80% per annum, secured by property (Budzey), payable at \$119,641 per month, including interest.	\$ 27,510,527	\$ 28,170,389
Canada Mortgage and Housing Corporation mortgage, maturing July 1, 2028, administered by BCHMC, bearing interest at 2.55% per annum, secured by property (Triage building) payable at \$20,304 per month, including interest.	1,214,032	1,423,971
Coast Capital Savings Federal Credit Union mortgage, maturing October 1, 2030, bearing interest at 1.58% calculated semi-annually, secured by a first mortgage charge over property (Lux), payable at \$6,040 per month,	4 070 707	4 407 000
including interest.	1,376,727	1,427,099
	30,101,286	31,021,459
Classified as current liabilities:		
Scheduled cash repayments of debt due within one year	944,849	919,627
	\$ 29,156,437	\$ 30,101,832

Principal repayments are anticipated to be as follows:

2024	\$ 944,849
2025	970,484
2026	279,326
2026 – balance to refinance	26,134,460
2027	285,976
2028	292,735
Thereafter	1,193,456
	\$ 30,101,286

7. FORGIVABLE LOANS

	2023	2022
BCHMC forgivable loan in the amount of \$17,627,022, bearing interest at 0% per annum, forgiven over 25 years commencing April 2017, secured by a second mortgage charge over property (Lux), repayable on demand in the event of default or non-adherence with the agreement, plus interest at prime plus 2% per annum. The principal balance outstanding, were there to be any default on the terms of the agreement is \$13,396,537.	\$ 11,856,225	\$ 12,279,661
BCHMC forgivable loan in the amount of \$1,415,000, bearing interest at 0% per annum, forgiven over 25 years commencing April 2017, secured by a first mortgage charge over property (Fraser Street), repayable on demand in the event of default or non-adherence with the agreement, plus interest at prime plus 2% per annum. The principal balance outstanding, were there to be any default on the terms of the agreement is \$1,075,400.	770,637	811,074
BCHMC forgivable loan in the amount of \$772,116, bearing interest at 0% per annum, forgiven over 15 years commencing April 2017, secured by a first mortgage charge over property (Vivian), repayable on demand in the event of default or non-adherence with the agreement, plus interest at prime plus 2% per annum. The principal balance outstanding, were there to be any default on the terms of the agreement is \$463,270.	360,323	386,060
BCMHC forgivable loan, in the amount of \$372,828, bearing interest at 0% per annum, forgiven commencing August 2028, secured by a first mortgage charge over property (Fraser Street), repayable on demand in the event of default or non-adherence with the agreement, plus interest at prime plus 2% per annum. The principal balance outstanding, were there to be any default on the terms of the agreement is \$372,828.	321,671	338,722
BCMHC forgivable loan, in the amount of \$200,000, bearing interest at 0% per annum, forgiven commencing April 2027, secured by a first mortgage charge over property (Budzey), repayable on demand in the event of default or non-adherence with the agreement, plus interest at prime plus 2% per annum. The principal balance outstanding, were there to be any default on the terms of the agreement is \$200,000.	154,286	160,001
	\$ 13,463,142	\$ 13,975,518

Pursuant to the policy described in Note 1(h), the reduction in the principal of forgivable loans used to acquire capital assets follows the amortization expense of those capital assets, notwithstanding that the terms of forgiveness in the loan agreement may differ. The continuity of the principal of the Society's forgivable loans is as follows:

	2023	2022
Opening balance Reduction in principal balance and revenue recognized	\$ 13,975,518 (512,376)	\$ 14,548,479 (572,961)
Closing balance	\$ 13,463,142	\$ 13,975,518

8. DEFERRED CAPITAL CONTRIBUTIONS

The contributions below have been deferred as they will be recognized as revenue over more than one year. The original amounts contributed and deferred, and the amounts recognized as revenue to date are as follows:

			Accumulated	
	Year	Amount	Revenue	Unamortized
	Contributed	Contributed	Recognized	Contributions
Fraser Street facility	2008 \$	4,995,787 \$	2,314,279 \$	2,681,508
Budzey building	2009/2016	3,193,735	729,999	2,463,736
Lux building	2013/2022	2,354,087	569,098	1,784,989
Vivian building	2011	2,291,000	1,057,381	1,233,619
Automobiles	2015-2023	578,299	192,252	386,047
Vivian leasehold improvements	2007	440,000	234,671	205,329
Maple Ridge leasehold improvements	2018	96,304	96,304	-
Server	2023	10,646	-	10,646
Washer	2009	6,712	6,345	367
	\$	13,966,570 \$	5,200,329 \$	8,766,241

The continuity of the Society's deferred capital contributions is as follows:

	2023	2022
Opening balance	\$ 8,842,868	\$ 9,286,120
Amounts received during the year	64,923	-
Amounts recognized as revenue during the year	(436,455)	(443,252)
Amounts transferred from deferred revenue (Note 5)	294,905	
Closing balance	\$ 8,766,241	\$ 8,842,868

9. REPLACEMENT RESERVE

Under the terms of agreements with BCHMC, the Replacement Reserve accounts are to be credited annually plus interest for the Triage building, Lux, Vivian, Budzey and Gordon. The funds in these reserve accounts may only be used as approved by BCHMC. During the year, the Society received a special grant from BCHMC in the amount of \$238,500 (2022 - \$Nil) to be added to the annual reserve for Triage building, Lux and Budzey. In addition, the Society has internally designated an additional replacement reserve annually plus interest for Fraser Street.

The annual reserve is as follows:

		2023		2022
Triage building	\$	36,100	\$	11,800
Lux		152,631		69,831
Vivian		17,280		17,280
Budzey		258,408		127,008
Gordon		25,920		25,920
Fraser Street		31,970		31,970
	\$	522,309	\$	283,809
The annual expense is as follows:				
·		2023		2022
Triage building	\$	79,241	\$	5,658
Lux	·	116,554	·	94,636
Vivian		27,427		8,965
Budzey		131,698		93,480
Gordon		11,256		3,507
Fraser Street		10,815		82,818
	\$	376,991	\$	289,064

10. GOVERNMENT GRANTS

Funding for operations is provided by grants from the Vancouver Coastal Health Authority, based on an annual allocation. BCHMC and the Government of Canada also provide funding for clients of the Society. The Society is economically dependent on continued funding from these sources.

BCHMC conducts an annual review of the financial statements and may adjust for any operating surplus or deficit. Prior years' funding adjustments are recognized in the fiscal year they are determined. During the year, BCHMC completed its review of the 2019, 2020 and 2021 fiscal years resulting in an adjustment of \$645,809, which have been recorded as other income in the statement of revenues and expenses. The Society will work with BCHMC to complete the reviews for fiscal years 2022 and 2023 before the end of fiscal 2024.

11. GOVERNMENT OF CANADA

During the year, the Society received funding from the Vancity Community Foundation on behalf of the Reaching Home: Canada's Homelessness Strategy for LGBTQ2S and ICM Surrey, which is included within Government of Canada revenue. The Society also received funding on behalf of Women and Gender Equality Canada for Budzey, which is included within Government of Canada revenue. The Society received funding to cover the following program expenses:

LGBTQ2S*

	2023	2022
Staffing Administration fee	\$ 45,428 536	\$ 184,076 5,924
Expenses incurred	45,964	190,000
ICM Surrey		
Staffing Tenant support Administration fee Other	132,055 35,939 8,019 -	159,657 - 14,892 16,413
Expenses incurred	176,013	190,962
Budzey		
Honoraria / professional fees Other Administration fee	92,980 16,756 14,650	294 - 3,763
Expenses incurred	124,386	4,057
Total expenses incurred	\$ 346,363	\$ 385,019

NOTES TO FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

FOR THE YEAR ENDED MARCH 31, 2023

12. EMPLOYEE FUTURE BENEFITS

The Society and certain of its employees contribute to the Municipal Pension Plan (the "Plan"), a jointly trusteed pension plan. The Board of Trustees, representing plan members and employers, is responsible for overseeing the management of the Plan, including investment of the assets and administration of benefits. The Plan is a multi-employer defined benefit pension plan. Basic pension benefits are based on a formula. The Plan has approximately 227,000 active plan members and approximately 118,000 retired plan members.

Every three years an actuarial valuation is performed to assess the financial position of the Plan and the adequacy of Plan funding. The most recent valuation as at December 31, 2021, indicated an actuarial surplus of \$3,761,000,000 for basic pension benefits. The next valuation will be as at December 31, 2024, with results available in 2025. The actuary does not attribute portions of the unfunded liability to individual employers. During the 2023 fiscal year, the Society paid \$1,586,378 (2022 - \$1,301,565) for employer contributions.

The Society is a participating employer in the Healthcare Benefit Trust (the "Benefit Trust") and its employees are covered for long-term disability and group life claims on the same basis as employees of other participating employers. At December 31, 2022, the date of the most recent annual report available, the Benefit Trust was in a surplus position. The actuarial liabilities for plan benefits represent the aggregate for the entire plan covering all employers. Any unfunded liability or surplus is not attributed to individual employers. During the 2023 fiscal year, the Society paid \$1,318,576 (2022 - \$1,181,157) for employer contributions.

13. OPERATING LEASE COMMITMENTS

The Society has entered into agreements for the lease of office spaces and equipment expiring at varying dates through June 2025. Minimum payments under these agreements during the next three fiscal years are anticipated to be as follows:

2024	\$ 153,703
2025	37,558
2026	8,559

14. WAGES AND EMPLOYEE BENEFITS

Wages and employee benefits expense for the year includes fifty-two employees that each earned over \$75,000, for a total of \$4,813,212 (2022 – thirty-seven employees that each earned over \$75,000 for a total of \$3,514,940).

15. CONTINGENT LIABILITY

During fiscal 2019, the Society received funding in the amount of \$421,544 from BCHMC for repairs and maintenance expenses to the Princess building. The forgivable loan is interest bearing at 0% per annum, forgiven over 15 years commencing April 2029, secured by a first mortgage charge over property (Princess Rooms), repayable on demand in the event of default, plus interest at prime plus 2% per annum.

16. COMPARATIVE FIGURES

Certain accounts in the prior year financial statements have been reclassified for comparative purposes to conform to the presentation in the current year financial statements. Such reclassification does not have any impact on the total assets, total liabilities, total net assets, or deficiency of revenue over expenses previously reported.